

United States Department of Agriculture

Service Center Initiative (SCI)

Guide for Delimited File Format for Service Center Repository Metadata

Prepared by **Data Management Team**

Abstract: This document defines a delimited file format specification that can be used to submit data model metadata to the repository. This format is available for those projects that do not use a supported CASE tool. Tabular as well as geospatial feature type metadata can be defined using these delimited file formats.

Keywords: delimited file format, tabular, geospatial feature type, metadata

Published and distributed in April 14, 2000

Document number: SCI Gd 004-01

Introduction

(This introduction is not part of the Guide for Delimited File Format for Service Center Repository Metadata.)

The Service Center Initiative (SCI) Data Management Team developed the April 2000 draft of the *Guide for Delimited File Format for Service Center Repository Metadata* to guide projects in the proper formatting of repository metadata when the source of the metadata is not from one of the supported Computer-aided Software Engineering (CASE) tools.

The individuals who contributed to the development of this guide are:

David Anderson, (NRCS) Service Center Data Team Leader
Dave Butler, (NRCS) Leader
Tom Richards, (FSA) Alt. Leader
Jim Schmidt, (NRCS) Alt. Leader

John Bussone (FSA) Julie Degner (Soza) Steve Springer (FSA)
Chuck Calcaterra (RD) Mindy Gehrt (FSA) Lee Stieger (FSA)
Ruth Davila-Johnston (FSA) Lynette Harris (NRCS) Rich Verhoff (RD)

Figure 1 – Working group list

SCI Gd 004-01

Table of contents

1. Overview 1		
1.1. Scope		. 1
1.2. Purpose		. 1
1.3. Acronyms and abbreviations		. 1
2. Delimited file specification 2		
2.1. Delimited file contents		. 2
2.1.1. Model metadata		. 2
2.1.2. Group metadata		. 3
-		
2.1.4. Group to element link metadat	ta	. 6
<u> •</u>		
2.2. Delimited file constraints		. 7
Appendix A – Bibliography 8		
Appendix B – Tabular metadata example	9	
Appendix C – Geospatial metadata example	11	

SCI Gd 004-01

GUIDE FOR DELIMITED FILE FORMAT FOR SERVICE CENTER REPOSITORY METADATA

1. Overview

This guide establishes the delimited file format specification to be used by projects when the source of their metadata is not one of the supported Computer-aided Software Engineering (CASE) tools. Using the delimited file formats both tabular and geospatial feature type metadata can be submitted to the repository. Tabular metadata is defined in the SCI Std 008, *Standard for Service Center Tabular Metadata* [A3]. Geospatial feature type metadata is defined in the SCI Std 005, *Standard for Geospatial Feature Metadata* [A2] Both of these metadata standards are dependent on naming standards, in particular the SCI Std 009, *Standard for Service Center Data Naming* [A4] and the SCI Std 004, *Standard for Geospatial Dataset File Naming* [A1].

1.1. Scope

The scope of this document is to define a delimited file format for submitting tabular or geospatial feature type metadata to the central metadata repository managed by the Service Center Data Team (SCDT). Only a subset of the metadata defined in the tabular and geospatial feature standards is captured in CASE tools and therefore only that same subset is captured in these delimited files. The other metadata is provided to the repository via alternate mechanisms.

1.2. Purpose

The delimited file format specification will be used by projects when the source of their tabular or geospatial feature type metadata is not one of the supported CASE tools. See the *Service Center Data Administration Concept of Operations* [A5] for more information.

1.3. Acronyms and abbreviations

ASCII American Standard Code for Information Interchange BPR Business Process Reengineering

CASE Computer-aided Software Engineering

FSA Farm Service Agency

NRCS Natural Resource Conservation Service

OPER Operational

RD Rural Development

SCDT Service Center Data Team
SCI Service Center Initiative
UCC Under Change Control

WIP Work In Process

2. Delimited file specification

2.1. Delimited file contents

The following set of delimited files is used to collect metadata for a model. In the tabular world a model represents the metadata for a subsystem and its contained data element groups and data elements. In the geospatial world a model represents a subset of the metadata for a geospatial data set. The subset of metadata is focussed on the metadata describing the feature types contained in the data set and the attributes associated with those feature types. For detail definitions of the column contents, refer to the SCI Std 008, Standard for Service Center Tabular Metadata [A3] and the SCI Std 005, Standard for Geospatial Feature Metadata [A2].

2.1.1. Model metadata

File name: model.txt

Description: This file contains metadata to define one model and is always required.

Table 1-Delimited file contents - model metadata

Column name	Obligation	Datatype/domain/comments	
BusinessName	Required	String 50	
	_	Tabular [A3] – Subsystem : Subsystem name	
		Geospatial [A2] – Geospatial dataset : Dataset title	
Acronym	Required	String 50	
		Tabular [A3] – Subsystem : Subsystem acronym	
		Geospatial [A2] – Geospatial dataset : Dataset acronym	
VersionLabel	Required	String 8	
		Tabular [A3] – Subsystem : Subsystem version label	
		Geospatial [A2] – Geospatial dataset : Dataset version label	
Status	Required	Tabular [A3] – Administrative status	
		Geospatial [A2] – same as tabular	
		For Business Process Reengineering (BPR) projects (see	
		SourceType) the value of this field will determine the level of	
		validation to be applied. For example, definition can be empty for	
		work in process metadata, but once under change control it is	
		required metadata. (Note: as defined in [A3] & [A2], valid status	
		values are Work In Process (WIP), Under Change Control (UCC)	
		and Operational (OPER).	
Definition	Conditional	Free text	
	/is BPR &		
	(UCC or	Tabular [A3] – Subsystem: Subsystem definition	
g	OPER)	Geospatial [A2] – Geospatial dataset: Dataset description	
SourceType	Required	Tabular [A3] – N/A, processing instruction only	
		Geospatial [A2] – N/A, processing instruction only	
		D	
		Permissible Values:	
		'BPR' – metadata for a BPR project that must meet standards	
		'Legacy' – legacy metadata that may not meet standards	
		'External' – metadata from an external source that may not meet	
		standards	

Column name	Obligation	Datatype/domain/comments	
ModelType	Required	Tabular [A3] – N/A, processing instruction only	
		Geospatial [A2] – N/A, processing instruction only	
		Permissible Values:	
		'Subsystem' – metadata for a tabular subsystem	
		'GeospatialDataSet' – geospatial feature type metadata	
SystemAcronym	Optional /is	String 50	
	Subsystem	Tabular [A3] – System : System acronym	
		Geospatial [A2] – N/A	
AliasName	Optional	String 100	
		Tabular [A3] – See footnote ¹ .	
		Geospatial [A2] – Geospatial dataset : File name	
		When defining the model for a geospatial data set this column	
		should be used to define the physical file name of the data set.	
ContextLabel	Conditional	String 50	
	/alias is	Tabular [A3] – N/A	
	provided	Geospatial [A2] – fixed value "File Name"	
		If aliases are provided coordinate with repository administrators	
		on this value.	
CategoryTree	Conditional	String 255	
	/is	String 50 (individual category)	
	geospatial	Tabular [A3] – N/A	
	data set	Geospatial [A2] – Geospatial dataset category: Category name	
		The category for this geospatial data set. If there are multiple	
		category levels these are specified using a "\" as a separator. For	
		example, "Climate\Temperature."	
CategoryAliasName	Optional	String 255	
		String 100 (individual alias)	
		Tabular [A3] – See footnote ¹ .	
		Geospatial [A2] – Geospatial dataset category : Directory name	
		Use this column to define the physical directory name for the	
		category tree. For example, "climate\temperature."	
CategoryContextLabel	Conditional	String 50	
•	/alias is	Tabular [A3] – N/A	
	provided	Geospatial [A2] – fixed value "Directory Name"	
		If aliases are provided coordinate with repository administrators	
		on this value.	

2.1.2. Group metadata

File name: group.txt

Description: This file contains metadata to define all groups contained in the model.

For tabular models, a group is an entity or file. For geospatial models, a

group is a feature type. This file is always required.

¹ The Standard for Geospatial Feature Metadata [A2] defines File name and Directory name metadata elements which are captured as aliases. The standards make no other reference to aliases. The mechanism is provided for use by projects when desired.

Table 2-Delimited file contents - group metadata

Column name	Obligation	Datatype/domain/comments	
BusinessName	Required	String 50	
	_	Tabular [A3] – Data element group : Group name	
		Geospatial [A2] – Geospatial feature type : Feature type name	
Definition	Conditional	Free text	
	/is BPR &	Tabular [A3] – Data element group: Group definition	
	(UCC or	Geospatial [A2] – Geospatial feature type: Feature type definition	
	OPER)		
GeographicPrimitive	Conditional	Tabular [A3] – N/A	
	/is	Geospatial [A2] – Geospatial feature type : Geographic primitive	
	geospatial		
	data set	Permissible Values:	
		'Polygon'	
		'Line'	
		'Point'	
		'Text'	
		'Grid'	
		'Raster'	
AliasName	Optional	String 100	
		Tabular [A3] – See footnote ¹ .	
		Geospatial [A2] – N/A	
ContextLabel	Conditional	String 50	
	/alias is	Tabular [A3] – N/A	
	provided	Geospatial [A2] – N/A	
		If aliases are provided coordinate with repository administrators	
		on this value.	

2.1.3. Element metadata

File name: element.txt

Description: This file contains metadata to define all data elements (or attributes)

contained in the model. There are cases where this file may not be

needed, e.g., a model of a geospatial data set that contains a raster feature

type, which has no attributes (or elements).

Table 3-Delimited file contents - element metadata

Column name	Obligation	Datatype/domain/comments
BusinessName	Required	String 50
	_	Tabular [A3] – Data element : Data element name
		Geospatial [A2] – same as tabular
Definition	Conditional	Free text
	/is BPR &	Tabular [A3] – Data element : Data element definition
	(UCC or	Geospatial [A2] – same as tabular
	OPER)	

Column name	Obligation	Datatype/domain/comm	ents	
Datatype	Required	Tabular [A3] – Data elem		tatype
J	1.1.	Geospatial [A2] – same as		
		_		
		Permissible Values with l	Length/P	recision requirements:
		Datatype	Length	Precision
		Integer	-	-
		ShortInteger	-	-
		LongInteger	-	-
		Byte	Opt	-
		Number	Opt	Opt
		Decimal	Opt	Opt
		Float	-	-
		ShortFloat	-	-
		LongFloat	-	-
		Money	Opt	Opt
		Serial	-	-
		Boolean	-	-
		Characters	Req	-
		VariableCharacters	Req	-
		LongCharacters	Opt	-
		LongVariableCharacters	Opt	-
		Text	Opt	-
		MultiByte	Opt	-
		VariableMultiByte	Opt	-
		Date	-	-
		Time	-	-
		DateTime	-	-
		Timestamp	-	-
		Binary	Req	-
		LongBinary	Opt	-
		Bitmap	Opt	-
		Image	Opt	-
		OLE	Opt	-
		GUID	-	-
Length	Conditional	Integer		
	/based on	Tabular [A3] – Data elem	ent : Lei	ngth
	datatype	Geospatial [A2] – same as		
Precision	Conditional	Integer	<u> </u>	
	/based on	Tabular [A3] – Data elem	ent : Pre	cision
	datatype	Geospatial [A2] – same as		
PermissibleValueType	Conditional	Tabular [A3] – Data elem		
,	/domain is	Geospatial [A2] – same as		
	restricted			
	10001000	Permissible Values:		
		'Enumeration' – list of va	lues spec	rified in values.txt
				minimum and/or maximum
		'Reference' – title of an e		
Minimum	Conditional	String 25		-
	/domain is	Tabular [A3] – Data elem	ent : Per	missible values
	range and	Geospatial [A2] – same as		
	max not	Stospaniai [112] Suille a	ouiui	
	specified	Ranges may be open-ende	ed.	
	Specifica	Ranges may be open ends		ter.
		ranges may be numeric to	, charac	

Column name	Obligation	Datatype/domain/comments	
Maximum	Conditional	String 25	
	/domain is	Tabular [A3] – Data element : Permissible values	
	range and	Geospatial [A2] – same as tabular	
	min not		
	specified	Ranges may be open-ended.	
		Ranges may be numeric or character.	
Reference	Conditional	String 50	
	/domain is	Tabular [A3] – Data element : Permissible values	
	reference	Geospatial [A2] – same as tabular	
AliasName	Optional	String 100	
		Tabular [A3] – See footnote ¹ .	
		Geospatial [A2] – same as tabular	
ContextLabel	Conditional	String 50	
	/alias is	Tabular [A3] – N/A	
	provided	Geospatial [A2] – N/A	
		If aliases are provided coordinate with repository administrators	
		on this value.	

2.1.4. Group to element link metadata

File name: gelink.txt

Description: This file links elements to the group(s) that contain them. The order that

elements are listed within a group will be maintained in the repository.

This file is required when there are elements.

Table 4-Delimited file contents - group to element link metadata

Column name	Obligation	Datatype/domain/comments	
GroupName	Required	This table – Group : BusinessName	
ElementName	Required	This table – Element : BusinessName	
AliasName	Optional	String 100	
		Tabular [A3] – See footnote ¹ . Geospatial [A2] – See footnote ¹ .	
		Geospatial [A2] – See footnote ¹ .	
		This column is used to define an alias that applies to the element as it is used or contained in this particular group.	
ContextLabel	Conditional	String 50	
	/alias is	Tabular [A3] – N/A	
	provided	Geospatial [A2] – if captured, fixed value "GIS Field Name"	
		If aliases are provided coordinate with repository administrators	
		on this value.	

2.1.5. Enumerated value metadata

File name: values.txt

Description: This file contains the enumerated values for all data elements that had an

enumerated domain. This file is required when at least one element has an

enumerated value list.

Table 5-Delimited file contents – enumerated value metadata

Column name	Obligation	Datatype/domain/comments	
ElementName	Required	This table – Element : BusinessName	
Value	Required	String 30	
		Tabular [A3] – Data element : Permissible values	
		Geospatial [A2] – same as tabular	
Definition	Conditional	String 224	
	/is BPR &	Tabular [A3] – Data element : Permissible values	
	(UCC or	Geospatial [A2] – same as tabular	
	OPER)		

2.2. Delimited file constraints

In order to submit delimited file format metadata to the repository the following constraints must be adhered to.

- All files (as defined in Table 1) will be located in a singular directory.
- The file must be an American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) file with 'txt' extension.
- The first row of each delimited file will contain the column names as specified in Table 1.
- The delimiter will be a comma ','.
- The text qualifier will be a double quote "".

Appendix A – Bibliography

When the following standards are superseded by an approved revision, the revision shall apply.

- [A1] SCI Std 004, Standard for Geospatial Dataset File Naming
- [A2] SCI Std 005, Standard for Geospatial Feature Metadata
- [A3] SCI Std 008, Standard for Service Center Tabular Metadata
- [A4] SCI Std 009, Standard for Service Center Data Naming
- [A5] Service Center Data Administration Concept of Operations

SCI Std Gd 004-01

8

Appendix B – Tabular metadata example

Table 6-model.txt (tabular)

```
"BusinessName", "Acronym", "VersionLabel", "Status", "Definition", "SourceType", "ModelType", "SystemAcronym", "AliasName", "ContextLabel", "CategoryTree", "CategoryAliasName", "CategoryContextLabel"
```

"Common Lookup Tables", "LkTbl", "1.0", "UnderChangeControl", "The set of lookup tables common to Service Center partner agencies.", "BPR", "Subsystem", "", "", "", "", "", "", ""

Table 7-group.txt (tabular)

```
"BusinessName", "Definition", "GeographicPrimitive", "AliasName", "ContextLabel"

"County", "Standard name and numeric code used to identify counties and equivalent
entities of the United States, its possessions and associated areas.", "", "county", "Table
Name"
```

"State", "Lookup table containing the State FIPS code, State name and State abbreviation.", "", "state", "Table Name"

Table 8-element.txt (tabular)

```
"BusinessName", "Definition", "Datatype", "Length", "Precision", "PermissibleValueType", "Minim
um", "Maximum", "Reference", "AliasName", "ContextLabel"
"State Code", "The GSA Locator Code (based on FIPS PUB 5-2) number for a state within the
United States, or a U.S.Territory. Examples: 01 = Alabama, 02 = Alaska, 20 = Kansas, 29 =
Missouri, 51 = Virginia Note: These codes are stored in character fields to preserve the
leading zero.", "Characters", 2,, "Reference", "", "", "FIPS PUB 5-2", "", ""
"County Name", "The name of a county located within a given state.", "Characters", 35,,
..., ..., ..., ..., ...
"State Name", "The name of a state belonging to the United States of America.",
"Characters", 30,, "Enumeration", "", "", "", "",
"State Abbreviation", "The Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) abbreviation
for a state within the United States. Also known as the United States Postal Service
(USPS) abbreviation. The following are examples: AL = Alabama, AK = Alaska, AZ =
Arizona, MO = Missouri, KS = Kansas", "Characters", 2,, "", "", "", "", ""
"County Code", "The standard code used to identify Counties and equivalent entities of the
United States, its possessions, and associated areas as specified in the GSA Locator
Codes (based on FIPS PUB 6-4). A county code is only unique if it is combined with a
state code. Example: 01 003 = Baldwin County in Alabama Note: These codes are stored as
character fields to preserve the leading zeroes.", "Characters", 3,, "Reference", "", "", "FIPS
PUB 6-4)","",""
```

Table 9–gelink.txt (tabular)

"GroupName", "BusinessName", "AliasName", "ContextLabel"
"County", "State Code", "state_cd", "Column Name"
"County", "County Code", "cnty_cd", "Column Name"
"County", "County Name", "cnty_nm", "Column Name"
"State", "State Code", "state_cd", "Column Name"
"State", "State Name", "state_nm", "Column Name"
"State", "State Abbreviation", "state_abbr", "Column Name"

Table 10-values.txt (tabular)

"ElementName", "Value", "Definition"
"State Name", "ALABAMA", ""
"State Name","ALASKA",""
"State Name", "ARIZONA", ""
"State Name", "ARKANSAS", ""
"State Name", "CALIFORNIA", ""
"State Name", "COLORADO", ""
"State Name", "CONNECTICUT", ""

"State Name", "DELAWARE", ""

Appendix C – Geospatial metadata example

Table 11-model.txt (geospatial)

"BusinessName", "Acronym", "VersionLabel", "Status", "Definition", "SourceType", "ModelType", "SystemAcronym", "AliasName", "ContextLabel", "CategoryTree", "CategoryAliasName", "CategoryContextLabel"

"Public Land Survey System","PLSS","1.0","WorkInProcess","Information relating to the United States Public Land Surveying System.","BPR","GeospatialDataSet","","plss","File Name","Cadastre","cadastre","Directory Name"

Table 12–group.txt (geospatial)

```
"BusinessName", "Definition", "GeographicPrimitive", "AliasName", "ContextLabel"
```

"Range Line", "An external boundary of a US Public Land Survey System township, extending in a north south direction.", "Line", "", ""

"Section Area", "The primary unit into which a township is subdivided, normally a quadrangle one mile square with boundaries conforming to meridians and parallels with established limits and containing 640 acres as near as may be.", "Polygon", "", ""

Table 13-element.txt (geospatial)

Table 14–gelink.txt (geospatial)

```
"GroupName", "BusinessName", "AliasName", "ContextLabel"

"Range Line", "Length", "", ""

"Range Line", "Length Unit of Measure", "", ""

"Section Area", "Section Description", "", ""

"Section Area", "Section Size", "", ""

"Section Area", "Section Size Unit of Measure", "", ""
```